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## PORTUGAL UPRISING

### Three Regiments of Infantry Revolt.

### THEY DECLARE A REPUBLIC.

**Loyal Troops Soon Suppress the Revolutionists and Extreme Measures of Punishment Will Be Meted Out to the Leaders—Other Foreign News.**

LISBON, Feb. 2.—Advices from Oporto, Portugal says that on Saturday three regiments of infantry, comprising part of the garrison, openly revolted. They were held aloof, and the revolt was soon suppressed, and order once more restored. Shortly after the beginning of the revolt the insurgent troops and a portion of the fiscal guards, led by two non-commissioned officers, seized the Hotel de Ville town hall, in the Praca square, and proposed to there declare a republic. However, a strong body of loyal troops composed of artillery and fusileers promptly surrounded and laid siege to the Hotel de Ville. When that building was well surrounded the artillery opened fire upon it, and soon caused bricks to fly about the heads of the insurgents who defended the building. The bombardment of the Hotel de Ville by the artillery was followed by a combined well planned and cleverly directed infantry attack upon the insurgents' fortress.

The loyal troops behaved grandly, keeping up a rattling fire, and advancing at the same time. The result was that, after a feeble resistance, the insurgents surrendered unconditionally. The loss on both sides, so far as known, was [illegible]. The insurgents will be tried by court martial, and in all probability the ringleaders will be shot. The number of killed and wounded on both sides, including civilians, is variously estimated at from twenty to fifty. Some of the ringleaders escaped, but surrendered later.

Upon the suppression of the Oportio revolution a court martial was immediately ordered to try the ring leaders in the revolt, whose fate is certain to be death. All day Saturday, while the result of the struggle was still in the balance, crowds thronged the principal streets of Lisbon, eagerly waiting for news and discussing the situation. Some of the lower class were evidently bent upon mischief, but they readily dispersed at the command of the police.

The government has instituted a rigid investigation to ascertain the extent of the insurrection, although it is believed that the conspiracy did not extend beyond the troops engaged in the insurrection and did not include any persons high in authority. Radical measures are proposed for the searching and weeding out of dangerous individuals, and foreigners upon whom suspicion may rest will be ordered to leave Portugal.

The government of King Carlos finds itself strengthened, instead of weakened, by the outbreak, which gives a pretext for rigorous measures which were long thought desirable. No suspicion of any kind of which the conspiracy attaches to Senor [illegible] or any of the others who have been really prominent in the anti-English agitation. It was an outburst of [illegible] radicalism fostered by penny papers in the rank and file of the army.

King Carlos, who was reported to be inclined to mercy, has, it is now stated, been led to see the necessity of the severest penalties for the mutineers. Besides the execution of the ringleaders, the remainder of the men engaged in the revolt will be drafted to Angola and Mozambique, under strict guard, and there established as garrisons in the interior of Portuguese Africa, which for the most part is very unhealthy and not fit for the residence of Europeans.

Portugal has lately felt the need of garrisoning her African possessions with white troops, instead of the half savage native levies who degrade the Portuguese uniform and authority, but there has been a reluctance to submit any but convicts to the miseries of the African climate. As the Oporto rebels have forfeited their lives there will be no squeamishness about exposing them to [illegible].

The Count of Paris was greatly concerned when he heard of the insurrection and at once telegraphed to his daughter, Queen Amelie, to hasten to him in case of danger. The count was much relieved by the news that the mutiny had been subdued, of which he received notice direct from King Carlos.

Several wounded soldiers died yesterday. A number of houses were injured by the cannonading of the town hall. The police have arrested the actor Verdial, who read a proclamation declaring a republic established from the town hall balcony. All the Republican leaders are now in custody except Docot [illegible]. Republican clubs have been closed and papers seized. Reinforcements arrived for the Royal troops and the city is [illegible] in perfect quiet.

**Socialism Gaining Ground in Belgium.**

BRUSSELS, Feb. 2.—Yesterday was a day of great excitement in this city. [illegible] classes recently drafted into the Belgian army [illegible] with [illegible] were promised a month's [illegible]. This was granted to [illegible] in the provinces, but the [illegible] owing to the [illegible] state of affairs, to withhold [illegible] for the present from those [illegible] in Brussels.

[illegible] the drafted men showed [illegible] by persistent disobedience [illegible] and finally they left the [illegible] and held meetings in various [illegible] protesting against what they [illegible] to them [illegible] women's clubs [illegible]. The police [illegible] compelled the men to [illegible] their barracks, arresting several [illegible]. The mutiny [illegible] the gravest apprehensions, as such conduct is unexampled in Belgium, and indicates that the Socialist feeling is gaining ground even in the army.

**Cabinet Crisis in Italy.**

ROME, Feb. 2.—The debate Saturday afternoon in the chamber of deputies on the proposed spirits taxes, ended in a ministerial crisis. Premier Crispi urged that the taxes were imperatively necessary in order to recoup the National revenues and prevent Italy from falling again into a condition of servility to foreign powers, such as existed in 1874. This phrase gave rise to an uproar in the chamber.

The Conservative members of the cabinet of 1874 arose and separately made vigorous protest against the remarks of the premier. These utterances served to increase the tumult. In the midst of the controversy the minister of works, Signor Finali, who was also a member of the Conservative cabinet in 1874, left the treasury bench amid the enthusiastic applause of the Conservatives. The other members of the government were unable to conceal their agitation.

Signor Crispi, who had become deathly pale, attempted to explain his words, and to show that they had been misunderstood. He was greeted with continuous shouts, the confusion making his remarks ineffective. Upon the question being put to a vote the proposed taxes were rejected by a large majority. Signor Crispi at once announced that he would resign his office. The announcement was the signal for a prolonged shout of exultation from the opposition benches. The crisis is regarded as complete. It is considered very doubtful if Signor Crispi will be able to reconstruct his cabinet on a working basis.

**France Rejoices Over Italy's Troubles.**

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The French Republican papers generally express great joy at what they considered the downfall of Signor Crispi as tending to improve the relations between Italy and France and to weaken the triple alliance. The Moniteur does not share in this expression of joy, and says that, whether Crispi remains at the head of Italian affairs or not, no change in the foreign policy of Italy is to be expected. Advices from Rome state that King Humbert is in conference with the presidents of the senate and the deputies with a view to the settlement of the difficulty.

**Liverpool's Welcome to Plimsoll.**

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 2.—Mr. Plimsoll, the champion of the rights of seamen, and of the humane treatment of cattle on ships, had a grand reception in this city Saturday. He was met by a throng of 2,000 people and conveyed in a carriage, with outriders, bands and banners to the station where he addressed a vast and attentive throng.

**Famous Cathedral Burned.**

LONDON, Feb. 2.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that the famous cathedral at Novgorod, Russia, built after the model of St. Sophias, at Constantinople, and filled with historic treasures, some of them going back to the time when Novgorod was a powerful and independent city, has been destroyed by fire.

**England Watching the United States.**

LONDON, Feb 2.—It is reported that the British government is taking active steps to prevent the permanent transfer to the United States of Pearl harbor in the Sandwhich islands, as a naval and coaling station, and that the British influences at Hawaii are to be actively exerted with that object.

**Election in Spain.**

MADRID, Feb. 2.—The first general elections, under universal suffrage, were held yesterday. Conservative gains are reported everywhere. In Madrid the Conservatives have carried six and the Liberals two seats. In the provinces the Conservatives have been generally victorious.

### THE INDIAN BUGABOO

**Raised in a Texas Town in Order to Move the County Seat.**

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 2.—All day Friday Fort Worth was in a fever of excitement over the wildest rumors from Salisbury, Wellington and Childress, three little towns on the Fort Worth and Denver railroad, lying near the Indian reservation of the Kiowas. The news was that 1,000 Kiowa bucks had gone on the warpath, sacked and burned the town of Wellington and killed and scalped thirty people.

President Jones, of the Fort Worth and Denver, was notified and at once placed the road at the disposal of the people to hurry militia and volunteers to the scene of the trouble. Capt. McMurray, with a company of state rangers and 100 volunteers came down from Aramillo and Clarendon, and companies from Quanah, Vernon and [illegible] and other points pushed to the [illegible]. The Fort Worth Fencibles and [illegible] were ready to start when word was received that the whole affair was a conspiracy on the part of a few men to frighten the people of Wellington out of the town and move the county seat to the center of the county. Governor Hogg has ordered a rigid investigation.

**Scourged by Cholera.**

BELOIT, Wis., Feb. 2.—A letter from the family of the Rev. T. D. Christie, who left Beloit recently to resume missionary work at Marash, Turkey in Asia, tells of a terrible cholera scourge in Turkey. At Marash, a town of [illegible] people, 1,500 deaths occurred in six weeks. There was much [illegible] among the converted Turks and among the natives, their Christianity [illegible] helping them in [illegible] sanitary affairs.

**Cronin Case [illegible].**

OTTAWA, Ill., Feb. [illegible].—The brief of the attorney general in the Cronin case has been filed here. It is very voluminous, containing [illegible] pages of argument, in which every point [illegible] the lawyers for the defense has been [illegible] fully reviewed. In the opinion of good lawyers there is not the remotest possibility of action by the supreme court favorable to the convicted men.

## CONGRESS FORECAST

### Probable Program of the Week's Proceedings.

### NOT FULLY DECIDED UPON.

**A Republican Caucus Will Decide What Measures Will Be Brought Up in the Senate, While Appropriation Bills Will Be Considered in the House—Other Washington Dispatches.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Both houses of congress will meet at 2 o'clock on Monday in order to enable members to attend the funeral of Secretary Windom, which will take place at noon. There is a great disposition on the part of the senate to dispose of some appropriation bills during the week, and it is probable that the fortifications bills, which was laid aside temporarily, will be passed, and that the pensions and District of Columbia bills may also be taken up and considerable progress made on them during the week.

Mr. Blair has good reason to believe that his bill to settle the account of laborers and mechanics arising under the eight hour law will be considered and even passed before the week is out, and Mr. Platt is confident that he can call up the copyright bill without any great difficulty. There is a possibility—a slight one, however—that an attempt will be made to bring the bankruptcy bill before the senate. The procedure in that body will depend mainly, however, on the action of a Republican caucus to be held early in the week. To this caucus the Republican "steering committee" will report a program, embracing, in all probability, the measures named, and the caucus will decide as to their disposition.

The greater portion of the time of the house during the coming week will be occupied with appropriation bills. When the diplomatic appropriation bill is passed Mr. Farquhar will make an effort to have the subsidy shipping bill disposed of, and two days will probably be allowed for consideration of this bill. The legislative appropriation bill will then be taken up and its consideration will consume the remainder of the week.

**Brazil Wants Our Products.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The bureau of the American republics has received a letter from a leading merchant in Brazil, who writes as follows: "Almost everything made in America is good for this country. Glassware is wanted badly, particularly big tumblers, water sets and small liquor glasses, knives and forks, all kinds of tinware, hardware, tools, and notions of every kind, cotton sheeting, prints and cheap light-weight woolen goods. In fact, I can only say that I do not know what will not sell. We want paper and stationery of every kind, varnishes, felt, shoes, woodenware, gloves and blank books. We have recently had the largest shipment of manufactures from the United States ever landed here, and, although the prices charged were outrageous, they met with wonderfully quick sale. Lamps which are sold in New York at eighty-five cents were sold here at $3, and I disposed of 500 in a couple of days. If I were in business in New York instead of Rio de Janeiro I would do a big trade throughout all the provinces of Brazil. It only wants some of the New York wholesale firms to go for this market and before long our people would regularly send for all their supplies. Blaine's reciprocity idea will lead to increased business with us. It is a splendid notion, and if Blaine can carry it out both countries will have a good deal to thank him for."

**Entertaining the Indians.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The delegation of Sioux Indians, who are here to confer with the Great Father about their grievances, are enjoying all the pleasures of sight-seeing, and every effort is being made by those who are in charge of them, to render their trip to the capital enjoyable. On Monday night the chiefs will occupy four boxes at the National theatre as the guests of Manager Canby, of Francis Wilson's comic opera company. As none of the hostiles have ever before seen a theatrical performance of any description, the glitter and spectacular display of "The Merry Monarch" will doubtless be a decided novelty to them. They will be in charge of G. E. Bailey, a professor of metallurgy in the South Dakota college, who is also an interpreter and a member of the Sioux tribe known by the Indian cognomen of Big Fish. The party will consist of American Horse and Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses, two friendlies; Two-strike, who was the leader of the Ogallalla Sioux in the Custer massacre and Little Wound and Eagle Pipe, each hostiles; Yankton Charley, an old government scout, who in 1876 was one of the Indian leaders in securing the cession of lands to the United States which formed the territory of Dakota; Big Road and nine others.

**Saturday's [illegible].**

WASHINGTON, [illegible].—The senate Saturday passed the [illegible] appropriation bill and took up the [illegible] appropriation bill. Senator [illegible] introduced a bill to appropriate [illegible] for the erection of a [illegible] monument to Salmon P. Chase. The bills to pension Gen. Franz Sigel and the widow of Gen. E. F. Noyes were passed [illegible] the bill increasing the cost of [illegible] public buildings [illegible].

In the house the [illegible] appropriation bill was passed. [illegible] the house adjourned [illegible] so that members [illegible] attend the funeral of ex-secretary Windom.

**[illegible] Monetary Conference.**

WASHINGTON, [illegible] Lambert Tree [illegible] the Argentine [illegible] of the [illegible] conference, which will convene in Washington on Feb. 4. [illegible] William A. Russell, of Massachusetts, and ex-Senator Hill of Nevada, are his colleagues representing the United States. From the Latin American countries there will be about eighteen delegates. The conference is an outgrowth of the Pan-American congress, and one of the chief objects is to agree upon a coin [illegible] of uniform values in all the Americas.

### SECRETARY WINDOM'S FUNERAL.

**Arrangements All Complete for the Sorrowing Event.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The arrival of William D. Windom, son of the late Secretary Windom, was the chief event in the sorrowing household at the secretary's home on Massachusetts avenue yesterday. He reached Washington early in the morning, not having received news of his father's death until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

HOME OF SECRETARY WINDOM.

The funeral of the late secretary will take place today. Personal and official friends will be permitted to see the remains at the house from 8 to 11 a. m. At 11:15 private services at the house will begin in the presence of the family and relatives, President Harrison, Vice President Morton and the cabinet; Mrs. Garfield, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stanley Brown and Mrs. Colgate.

At noon the public funeral will take place at the Church of the Covenant. Admission to the church up to 11:45 a. m. will be by card, and about 650 cards have already been sent out to the cabinet, the judiciary, members of the senate and house, department officials, and army and navy officers. Many requests for tickets had to be denied, owing to the limited seating capacity of the church.

Among the visitors at the Windom mansion yesterday was Mrs. Lucretia Garfield, widow of President Garfield, and her son Harry, Justice Field and his brother, Rev. H. M. Field, and ex-Senator Davis, of West Virginia. An excellent plaster cast of the face of the dead secretary was taken last night.

**Secretary Windom's Successor.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—In pointing out the impossibility of securing any one to succeed the late Secretary Windom from a distance within ten days, The Post says: "The president opens wide the door for speculation, and to those who read between the lines his determination to place John C. New, of Indiana, now consul general at London, at the head of the treasury department seems apparent. It will be remembered that Mr. New was very desirous of entering the cabinet and it was thought at one time he had the treasury portfolio in his grasp. Since he has been in London he has been in correspondence with Secretary Windom and the president on financial matters, and his qualifications are such as to admit of no doubt regarding his ability to fill the position. That Indiana has already one cabinet officer would not, in all probability deter the president from appointing his friend to the vacant secretaryship."

Senator Spooner, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the vacancy in conversation on the subject said: "I am not of the financial training to permit me conscientiously to accept the treasury portfolio. The president would not think of offering it to me, and if he did, I would not accept. Please stop this nonsense and gossip, if you can, about my going into a cabinet position."

Senator Aldrich says there is no reason why his name should be used, that he will not be tendered the portfolio, and if he should be, he could not accept it.

**Inquiring About the Chilian Revolution.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The reports of political disturbances in Chili have caused some anxiety on the part of merchants engaged in the South American trade as to the favorable disposition of their correspondence addressed to Chili. Since the outbreak of the civil war in that country, inquiries were made by cable to the United States consul general at Panama. The consul replied that mails go every Thursday from Panama to Chili and that he could not answer about delivery in Chili.

**More Indians Start for Washington.**

RUSHVILLE, Neb., Feb. 2.—Chiefs John Grass and White Bird and three younger men, Turning Hawk, American Horse Jr. and Three Stars, in charge of T. W. Blackburn, of the Indian department, left last night for Washington to pay their respects to the Great Father. They all speak English and are educated. They are in great contrast to the delegation which left here a week ago.

**Express [illegible] Guilty.**

[illegible], Feb. [illegible].—The jury in the case of [illegible], who was tried by [illegible] for complicity [illegible] from the United States Express company, returned a verdict [illegible] morning finding the defendant guilty and fixing the punishment at [illegible] years in the penitentiary. A motion for a new trial was entered.

## OHIO STATE NEWS.

### Items Gathered Especially for Buckeye Readers.

### CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

**Hermann E. Taubeneck, the Farmers' Alliance Member of the Illinois Legislature, Was Not a Convict in the Ohio Penitentiary—Other Information of Interest to Ohio Readers.**

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 2.—A special committee of the Illinois house of representatives, consisting of R. N. Ramsey, Democrat; H. H. Moore, of the Farmers' Mutual Protective association, and C. A. Partridge, Republican, Saturday visited the penitentiary and investigated the charge that Hermann E. Taubeneck, of Clark county, Ill., a Farmers' Alliance member of the Illinois legislature, is identical with W. H. Rodgers, a convict, who, being paroled from the Ohio penitentiary, took French leave of the Buckeye state.

Ex-Manager Rownd and ex-Guard D. D. Donahue, in whose shop Rodgers worked, both testified to a marked resemblance between the men, but said positively that they are not the same men.

C. C. Johnson, who went to school with Rodgers, and at one time roomed with him, also testified that Rodgers and Taubeneck are different men.

The committee will report unanimously that it is a case of mistaken identity. They left for Illinois Saturday evening.

Mr. Taubeneck remained in Columbus over night, being worn out with the fatigue of the past two weeks. He said that the whole affair was a Democratic attempt to get him out of the legislature. He represents a Democratic district, and the Democrats think they could elect his successor and could secure the vote of one of the two remaining Farmers' Alliance party representatives for their candidate for United States senator. He thinks that the Democrats will never sacrifice Palmer, and that eventually there will be a coalition between the Republicans and the farmers' representatives. Taubeneck personally favors the election of Mr. Gresham to the United States senate.

**Officeholders in the State.**

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 2.—Probably there are not three men in Ohio who can give an approximately correct guess of the number of officeholders in the state. Secretary Ryan has just issued in pamphlet from a roster of the Federal, state and county officers in Ohio. The Republicans have 1,357, and the Democrats 1,029, of such officers in all. Of county officers the Republicans have 1,059, while the Democrats have 829. The list embraces only the principal officers, elective or appointive and does not include the deputies or mere clerical force, or the township officers.

**Suit Brought to Recover Twenty Cents.**

MARION, O., Feb. 2.—A case was tried here Saturday before 'Squire J. Abeton's court and a jury, brought by S. Hays & Company, clothiers, against L. H. Flocken, a druggist, to recover twenty cents. It is claimed by the plaintiff that the defendant, Flocken, bought one dozen collars at $1.20, and the defendant claims that he bought the collars for $1, hence the suit. The attorneys' fees and costs will approximate $30, and if an appeal is taken to a higher court, no one can tell what the collars will cost either party.

**Load of Nitro-Glycerine Explodes.**

LIMA, O., Feb. 2.—Yesterday afternoon as an oil well shooter was on his way to a well near St. Mary's with a load of nitro-glycerine it exploded and blew the horses, wagon and driver to atoms. The only evidence of disaster was a large hole in the roadway.

**Crushed to Death by Cars.**

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 2.—Patsy Parker, aged 17, employed by the American Tube and Iron company, was caught by a switch engine in the yard, Saturday night, and crushed to death. Parker had been in the employ of the company for two years.

**Aged Man Killed by a Falling Tree.**

TIFFIN, O., Feb. 2.—Frederick Houck, a pioneer resident of Seneca county, was struck on the head by a falling tree, which resulted in his death yesterday. The deceased was 72 years of age.

**Masked Men Murder and Rob.**

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 2.—Two masked men entered a tent at McCartyville, an isolated railroad camp in the northern part of Missoula county, and shot five men, two of whom died. The masked men took $700 and escaped to the mountains. In an hour after the tragedy Deputy Sheriff Sprague was in pursuit, and since his dispatch sent the next day after the tragedy nothing has been heard of the officer and it is believed he has been killed. A posse has gone in search of the missing deputy.

**Bicycle Record Broken.**

OMAHA, Feb. 2.—The world's eighteen-hour bicycle record was broken by the riders in the race ending Saturday night. The previous record was 29½ mile for this time. Every hour since the beginning of the race the approximate record was broken. The score at the close was: Reading, [illegible] 308 2-5; Gerwing, 308 [illegible] 300 miles. Reading and Morgan are both soldiers in the Second infantry stationed at Fort Omaha. This is [illegible] first race.

**Cotton [illegible] Burned.**

LITTLE ROCK, Feb. 2.—The North Little Rock [illegible] compress and cotton [illegible] containing several hundred bales of [illegible] caught fire at 2 o'clock [illegible] morning and was completely [illegible], was the largest [illegible] in the south. The loss in the [illegible] and cotton is roughly estimated at [illegible].

**Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.**

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### BOYCOTTING ILLEGAL.

**A Court Decision of Interest to all Trade Unions.**

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—Judge Sage, of the United States court, rendered an important decision Saturday in the celebrated boycott case involving The Covington Commonwealth and the Cincinnati Typographical Union No. 3. The case has been before the United States court judges for several months, and owing to the character of the suit it has been a wide-reaching and highly-important one to the members of all kinds of co-operative unions composed of working men and their employers. Particularly so is this decision of great significance to all organizations which seek to boycott their employers.

Louis E. Casey, proprietor of The Covington Commonwealth, brought suit to enjoin the Cincinnati Typographical Union No. 3, J. B. Stoops and others, managing officers of the union. In September, 1890, the union demanded that Casey should unionize his office by employing none but union men. He peremptorily declined to do so, whereupon the union declared a boycott, it is claimed, against The Commonwealth office. Posters and hand-bills, it is alleged, were circulated by the union, calling upon its friends and advertisers to assist in sustaining the cause of organized labor. Visits were also made, it is alleged, to advertisers and business men by a committee from the union, asking that patronage be withheld from the paper until it be unionized.

Casey filed a bill in equity against the union and defendants, to enjoin them from boycotting The Commonwealth or intimidating advertisers in any way. Judge Jackson, of the United States circuit court, granted a temporary restraining order, and a motion was made for an injunction. The case was argued on Jan. 10 before Judge Sage, and Saturday Judge Sage delivered an elaborate opinion, holding that the case is not in the nature of an action to restrain a libel, but that it was an action to restrain a conspiracy, which the court held was illegal and unlawful. The decision is an important one and covered twenty-five pages of type-written matter.

### NINE NEGROES SLAUGHTERED.

**Bloody Work Done by an Armed White Mob in Alabama.**

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 2.—An unprovoked slaughter of negroes by a mob occurred Saturday night at Carbon Hill coal mines, in Walker county, forty miles west of this city. A mob of armed white men surrounded a cabin where nine negroes were sleeping, and without warning, fired through the doors and windows. The negroes sprang up in wild alarm at the first volley, but in a few moments all of them were lying on the floor dead or wounded. Four of them were killed outright and the other five wounded, three of them, it is thought, fatally.

As soon as their bloody work was done the mob dispersed and so far none of them have baen arrested or identified. The nine negroes had taken the places of the striking white miners in the Carbon Hill mines during the recent strike, and when the strike was settled the company would not discharge them. The affair created intense excitement at the mines and more trouble is expected.

### DEATH OF GEN. MORROW.

**The United States Army Loses Another Valuable Officer.**

OMAHA, Feb. 2.—A special to The World-Herald from Hot Springs, Ark., announces the death of Gen. Henry A. Morrow, of the First United States infantry. Gen. Morrow had gone there but a few days ago in hope of recuperating his health.

Gen. Morrow entered the Mexican war as a private, and when the civil war broke out he was made colonel of the Twenty-fourth Michigan volunteers. For bravery on the field he was several times promoted, being breveted major general at the close of the war. He then entered the regular service, in which he died. His station at the time of his death was Fort Sidney, Neb.

### ANOTHER MASSACRE.

**Spaniards and Caroline Islanders Engage in a Bloody Battle.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—Advices from Singapore report the arrival at Munila of the Spanish steamer Don Juan with the news of another terrible massacre of Spanish troops and residents in the Caroline islands. It appears that the natives, without warning, fell on the Spanish garrison, killing some ninety soldiers and civilians.

The Spaniards thereupon attacked the native fort. It is said the natives fought with singular bravery, but were eventually driven into the jungle. The loss on the native side is said to have been very large, but the Spanish commander was so mortified with his own losses that in a moment of frenzy he shot himself.

**Prize Fight in Iowa.**

FORT MADISON, Iowa, Feb. 2.—A twenty-five-round prize fight with four-ounce gloves was fought in this city Saturday by John Worley, of Mount Pleasant, and Joe Tansey, of Memphis. Worley sprained his wrist in the last round and gave the gate money to Tansey.

### AT THE MAMMOTH MINE.

**A Legislative Committee Inquiring Into the Cause of the Disaster.**

GREENSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 2.—The legislative committee, whose duty it is to investigate the cause of the explosion at Mammoth mine on Tuesday last, arrived at Mammoth in a special car at noon Saturday and at once set about their work, which will probably require several days to complete. The committee were fitted out with rubber coats, caps and boots, and guided by Superintendent Keighley and Inspector Jenks, descended the shaft and began a tour of the works.

Entries, headings, manway and rooms were subject to the closest scrutiny. When the "dip" in which the explosion occurred was reached, the committee secured a number of relics. In this part of the mine there is almost a complete wreck of ceilings, wagons, tracks, etc.

The roof is very dangerous and an extensive fall is liable to occur any moment. In general, the mine was in good condition, but in places, signs of neglect were very apparent. The manway was excessively hot and the members were very glad when they got out.

The theory as to how the explosion occurred, advanced by the committee, was that a part of the roof falling caused the air and gas to be set in motion, the latter being forced toward an open light, exploded. This the explorers and miners are inclined to believe was the cause of the disaster. That the mine had been properly inspected by Fire Boss Smith, is now a matter of doubt. No date of inspection was found chalked on the headings as is required.

The committee spent Sunday in Greensburgh, returning Monday to take testimony.

Representative Ellwood said last night that a commission of eight miners, four operators and four inspectors would be appointed and that the present mining laws will be revised.

No bodies were discovered yesterday. It is almost certain that there are at least four miners covered by the debris. The relief committee reports fifty widows and ninety-six orphaned children in Mammoth. In addition there were many men among the dead miners who had families in their native country, and it is thought that the number of these is about twenty.

**Collision of Freight Trains.**

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 2.—A collision occurred near this city between two freight trains on the Grand Trunk railway. Several of the trainmen were seriously injured and a fireman named Low was killed. Nearly two dozen cars were smashed. The loss is very heavy.

Two trains on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad collided in a fog. One passenger was killed and others injured.

A fight between Tommy Warren and Johnny Griffin has been arranged to take place March 9, at the Audubon Athletic club, New Orleans.

**The Weather.**

Decidedly colder weather; northerly winds; fair local snows along the lake shore, with a cold wave.

**If Your House is on Fire**

You put water on the burning timbers not on the smoke. And if you have catarrh you should attack the disease in the blood, not in your nose. Remove the impure cause, and the local effect subsides. To do this, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, which radically and permanently cures catarrh. It also strengthens the nerves. Be sure and get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ALAS!

How wretched is the man who has fallen a victim to Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, or diseased Liver, with all the horrible attendants. Look upon the picture. Poor man, being tired of dragging out a miserable existence, he is the picture of despondency, a wretch [illegible] a forlorn specimen. [illegible] Of course, but at the same time feel assured that in a measure [illegible] [illegible]

J. H. [illegible]

[illegible] PRICE, $1.00.

# The Marion Daily Star.

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—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

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MONDAY, - FEBRUARY 2.

## EIGHTH ANNUAL SESSION

### Of the Marion County Farmers' Institute. Two Days Consumed in Discussion A Good Attendance and Profitable Meetings.

**Probably no more interesting meetings have been held in the history of the Marion County Farmers' Institute, than those of the eighth annual session which convened at City Hall Friday forenoon, Jan. 30th, and concluded on the afternoon of the following day. The attendance was good throughout, representative of the progressive, prudent and business class of farmers; and with a sprinkling of ladies—farmers' wives and daughters—interest, vivacity and grace were added to the audience present during the sessions.**

**The first session was to open Friday 10 a.m., but the program hour found a small attendance present and the opening was necessarily delayed an hour. The meeting was called to order and George E. Lawrence lead in prayer, after which President F. E. Blake, of this city, made the opening address. The musical part of the program was dispensed with on account of the absence of those having charge of that feature.**

**W. H. Gilbert, a prominent dairy man of New York state, took up the subject of "Butter Making," and in an address of nearly an hour gave some very valuable and interesting information. The remainder of the forenoon was occupied in discussions and queries on this subject by members of the Institute.**

**The Institute convened at 1:30 p.m. with an increased attendance and manifest interest which was retained throughout the session. "The secrets of successful wheat growing" furnished the basis of an excellent address by T. H. Terry, of Hudson, O. Mr. Terry is a prominent farmer of that place, and his thoughts and information were the deductions of practical experience.**

**W. I. Chamberlain, of Hudson, Ohio, formerly president of the Iowa Agricultural College, was present. Mr. Chamberlain was introduced to the Institute by the subject, "A farmer's garden one-third of the family food." The garden is generally a much neglected affair with the farmers, but the speaker's thoughts were calculated to inspire new interest in the cultivation of the same.**

**D. N. Auld, of Iberia, a member of the Institute, was present and gave the assembly the benefit of his observation of "The farmer." He compared the farmer of fifty years ago with the one of today, commented upon his independence and exhorted him to a careful study of that which was of benefit and protection.**

**These discussions were interspersed with music, and the afternoon meeting closed with answers to queries, which is always an interesting feature.**

**Another large crowd was present in the evening, and the arranged program was altered considerably, music and recitations being substituted for addresses. However, Mr. Terry again gave an address, his subject being, "The farmer's home." The speaker's ideal home was quite a contrast to many that come under daily observation. He advocated all the little attentions that go toward converting slovenliness and unkempt places into pleasant quarters about the farmer's home. The barn and garden were especial places where great improvement could be made.**

SATURDAY'S SESSIONS.

**The very disagreeable weather Saturday did not discourage many from attending, and another good audience was present at the forenoon session. The principal features of the program were addresses by Messrs. Gilbert and Chamberlain, the former very ably discussing "Dairying," while Mr. Chamberlain told "How our farms will treat us if we treat them rightly." The usual interspersions of music and recitations were added to the interest of the session.**

The subject of the afternoon of special importance was a general discussion of "Why has farm property decreased and city property increased in value during the last decade?" There was an apparent effort to shirk discussion on the part of some because of the absence of some of the leaders, but considerable desultory talk resulted, and opinions were varied. E. Coney lead off in the remarks, stating that his belief was that the unequal taxation between country and city property was an important reason for the difference in value. A. H. Howser believed that money invested in town property paid better, thus putting it in greater demand. N. L. Uncapher thought that farm property is made to pay the greater burden of taxes. W. T. Owen stated that the reason of the increased value of city property was not because taxes were higher in the country. He believed that high rents [illegible] made investment there more desirable, and that there was a combination [illegible] keep up rents. He thought that there was an unjust tariff discrimination [illegible] of manufactures to the [illegible] the farmer. He was promptly [illegible] down by Mr. Howser, who said [illegible] tariff had nothing to do with the question, that there was nothing wrong with the tariff at all. E. I. Base made some pointed remarks on the subject, stating that the cry of farmers that farming doesn't pay frightened would-be purchasers; that many farms were not kept in a condition [illegible] desirable, and thus there being no demand for that class of property [illegible] property naturally received [illegible] benefits.

The discussion was quite interesting and closed the work of the Institute.

[illegible]

During the afternoon the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

President, Miss Kate Betterer; vice-president, N. L. Uncapher; secretary, Miss Gertie Lawrence; assistant secretary, Miss Mary Gooding; treasurer, Milton Bain.

### Concerning Salesmen.

The stock of merchandise may be varied, seasonable and large, and displayed in the most attractive manner possible, but the measure of success will be very small if the salesman is inefficient or disobliging. The dry goods clerk who feels that the halls of congress are his proper sphere may be correct. It is pretty certain that clerking behind the gingham counter is *not*. It is better to be a good lawyer or constable than an indifferent ribbon or cheese dispenser. A merchant should be a good [illegible] man himself—courteous, [illegible], well informed of everything in his line and he should have *only* such clerks about him. Better no clerk than poor ones. And the clerk who is not a success should either quickly improve or quit the business.

### Bowling Green.

Quite a number of the relatives of John Robinson gathered at his residence while he was absent in the forenoon and prepared a grand birthday dinner for his 24th milepost of life last Thursday. Your correspondent takes this occasion, with many others, to wish for many others.

J. Oborn, of Richland township, who recently bought the Carrie D. Gates farm in our township, of 75 acres, arrived from Richland Tuesday morning before the schools had taken up to take possession. He is looking for a renter.

The marriage of Jim Coney and Mary McGraw, both of this township, took place at LaRue last Monday in the Catholic church. The good wishes of everybody may go with them through life is the desire of the writer.

The band of laborers who went to Paulding county to find employment returned last Saturday with not much gain or loss by the scheme; only bad reputation of jumping board bills.

Garret Harris, better known as Lou Harris, of Northern Ohio, was the guest of John Harris, Jr., of this place last week. He bought a horse and bare-backed it to his home.

Our summer schools are nearly all engaged as follows: Windfall, Miss Hufford; Dudley Valley, Susie Raub; Scioto Valley, Lillie Raub; Rush Creek, Laura McClintick; Pleasant Hill, Emma Leadman; Parr Town, Miss McNeff; Deadwood; Miss Millie Clayton; Bonham, Miss Nettie Lane, and others not heard from.

The surplus hay of last year will all be used this spring as we are short this winter. Still the public sales have begun and stock is nearly given away. Not much high bidding done; glad to dispose at any price.

Feb 2 THE.

### A Domestic Trial.

Young Mrs. B—— is very fond of giving little dinners, and is very anxious that every detail should be flawless. She was entertaining a couple of friends in her favorite way the other night, and the chickens were brought upon the table roasted to a turn. As the host thrust his carver into a joint a puzzled look spread over his face, which was anxiously observed by his wife. Finally there was no bearing it in silence, and Mr. B—— turned to his better half inquiringly.

Mrs. B—— remarked uneasily: "I cannot understand it; Blank has never treated me before like this. His poultry is always to be relied upon. Mary," turning to the waitress, "did the cook order roasting chickens?"

"Sure and indade she did!"

Mrs. B—— turned to her guests appealingly: "Does your butcher ever do such a thing? Mary, are you sure she said roasters, not fowls?"

"And indade it ought ta be sure O'iam, for Oi sez it mesilf. Bridget left the kitchen, mum, and she sez to me, she sez, 'Mary, be sure to order two foine plump roosters,' and it's two foine plump roosters I axed for."

"And it's two foine plump roosters he brought," said the host.

Mrs. B——'s dignity could not withstand the outburst of merriment that followed this sally.—Harper's Bazar.

### Very Funny.

First Tramp—I [illegible] hugged to-day.

Second Tramp—What was it?

First Tramp—[illegible] told me to split some wood [illegible] couldn't do it [illegible]

Second Tramp—[illegible]

First Tramp—[illegible] I split—[illegible]

### The Skin Can be Kept Soft, White,

[illegible]

### The [illegible] of Events.

[illegible]

### Explaining It.

"[illegible] Mr. [illegible] at [illegible] is [illegible] a day [illegible] per.—[illegible] Weekly.

### Miss Nerve and [illegible]

[illegible] Denison & Co., and Hoberman & Co.

### A Hint to Railroads.

The Listener [illegible] the other day which has moved him to make a protest. On the [illegible] at the crossing of the Boston and Albany and Providence railroad tracks a gang of men were engaged in burning up a lot of railroad ties. Evidently the ties made capital fuel, for the fire was crackling merrily. They were evidently diseased but by no means rotten. Of course the railroad would not venture to keep ties in place on the road until they were rotten. The Listener has often seen ties burning on the tracks near the city, but never before so far within the city itself, and actually within a short stone's throw of the homes of the poor people who would have been only too glad to relieve the railroad corporation of every stick of their disused ties at an hour's notice.

Did it ever occur to you, Messrs. Railroad Superintendents or Directors, or whoever is responsible for this destruction of good fuel, that your old ties would give at least a little warmth to a good many households that have had none, or next to none, through all this cruel weather? There would be no need of advertising for people to come and take the ties; every laborer among the number who work at the task of destroying them must know families who would be glad enough to get them. The railroads could actually save money by giving the wood away.—Boston Transcript.

### A Vessel in Two Parts.

A vessel constructed on the shores of Lake Michigan was recently floated down to the sea in two sections. The course was through the Welland canal, down Lake Ontario and on to Montreal, which was reached in eleven days. The after section of the ship, containing the machinery, had steam in one boiler and backed at the rate of seventy revolutions per minute, steaming stern first, while the forward section followed in charge of two tugs. On arriving at Montreal the two sections were placed on greased ways in a dry dock, and when the parts were closed in upon each other the butts came together so closely that a knife blade could not be inserted between the plates. The re-riveting was accomplished with facility in the usual way, and the vessel was floated out of the dock a complete hull, defying the eye of any expert to tell where the junction had been made.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

### London's High Death Rate.

Not for a long period has the death rate in London been so alarming as it was last week, when, owing to the fog and cold combined, it reached the high figure of 26 per 1,000. This is an increase of 5 or 6 per 1,000 on the returns for recent weeks, and how great the leap is may be judged from the fact that in recent years the rate has averaged only about 19 per 1,000. The weather has chiefly affected those with weak lungs. The registrar general shows that deaths from diseases of the respiratory organs increased by nearly 300 during the week, and reached the unusual total of 753, or nearly 300 more than the average for this time of year. The mortality is not so great in London as in Preston, where the death rate has gone up in a week from 33.2 per 1,000 to 51.6. But the average for the great towns is only 25.1, and London is on the wrong side of that figure.—London News.

### Handsome Shade Trees.

Orange trees in full bearing are as numerous as ordinary shade trees in the streets of some inland Florida cities and towns. It is a common sight just now to see the sidewalks lined with trees well loaded with the golden fruit, which nobody takes the trouble to pluck. The oranges seem to be as large and fine as any which command $2 per box in the orchards. The real reason why the fruit is neglected is that most of it is sour and often bitter. Oranges which grow wild and which are not carefully cared for by a cultivator are poor fruit, and Florida people don't think it worth while to take them off the trees. But no sight could be more attractive to northern eyes than that of the public walks shaded by the deep green foliage of the orange trees, in which the ripe fruit glistens like apples of gold.—New York Sun.

### The Railway to Victoria Nyanza.

Sir Francis de Winton writes home that he hopes by May next to have sixty miles of the projected railway from Mombassa to the Victoria Nyanza completed. Of course it is only a narrow gauge railway, but it will prove of immense service in taking caravans quickly over the desert and waterless coast region. A road is also being made the whole way to the lake. Father Le Roy, a Roman Catholic missionary, in a letter written from Mombassa, states that the great drawback at Mombassa is the want of water. Wells have to be sunk to an enormous depth.—Pall Mall Gazette.

### Yet They Are Friends.

They met in Wall street and shook hands. "Delightful weather, this," said one; "keen, bracing air, you know. By the way, who was that young fellow I saw in your office yesterday?"

"[illegible]. Oh, that was my keen bracing [illegible]. I raced me for a hundred, and I was [illegible] enough to get it, too."

And yet that night at the Windsor they seemed to be as friendly as ever.—New York Times.

[illegible] Garfield, the second son of President Garfield, was recently married at [illegible] Miss Helen Newell, daughter of [illegible] Newell, president of the Lake Shore and Michigan railroad. Mr. Garfield was graduated with his brother [illegible] at Williams college in 1885.

[illegible] is the hardest worked [illegible] the English government. [illegible] had so much [illegible] and Lord Salisbury [illegible] and writing dispatches [illegible] hours a day for weeks.

[illegible] the vast quantity of [illegible] at Yokohama is a [illegible] attention of not [illegible] financiers in general. The quantity of silk thus detained is put at nearly 20,000 bales.

## DAUGHTERS OF [illegible]

Mme. Patti [illegible] to all poor people in [illegible]-Newcastle.

Mrs. Harrison [illegible] and graceful figure and [illegible] of the best dressed women in America.

Mrs. James R. Garfield, [illegible] Newell, is lately rich enough to [illegible] with ideals of [illegible]

Ida Lewis, the famous [illegible], has been offered a chance to go on the stage as the heroine of a life saving scene, but she prefers her station in the Newport light house.

Miss Jessie E. Banks has established a newspaper advertising agency in Warsaw, Ind. She is the first woman in America to undertake this particular branch of work.

Mrs. H. E. Houghton, of Spokane Falls, is worth $200,000, a fortune that has been made within six years from an original investment of $500. She is hardly 30 years old and her husband is a lawyer.

Among the largest sums paid out by the pension agent in New York city are those received by Mrs. George B. McClellan and Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant. The former receives $2,000 annually and the latter $5,000.

Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague is hard at work on that much looked for life of her father. She is still young looking, and, with her magnificent manner, taste in dress and brilliant conversational powers, a decided favorite in society.

The Baroness Althea Salvador's salon is one of the most charming in Paris. She is a tall and slender blonde, quite pretty and always elegantly dressed. The baroness is an American girl, being a descendant of an old New Hampshire family.

Leadville's prettiest belle is Miss Blanche Dongan, a girl of rather more than medium height and possessing a well rounded figure. She has violet eyes, dark, wavy hair, and a queenly carriage. She has a well stored mind and is a brilliant talker.

Mrs. Harrison never touches wine, punch or liquor of any description, and if her wishes were carried out the strongest beverage served at White House state dinners and banquets would be apollinaris water. On the president's private table wine is never served.

## ROYAL FLUSHES.

King Humbert of Italy has often said, "I should wish to be a journalist were I not a king."

The king of Siam has taken to literature, being about to write an account of a journey through his country, in Pali.

Emperor William is showing many good streaks in his rule. He has given orders that in government factories no women shall do night work.

The sultan of Turkey has personally contributed £100 to the fund that is being raised for the relief of the families of the survivors of the ill fated British war ship Serpent.

It has been decided that the pictures of the late king consort of Portugal are to be sold. This collection, which belongs to his widow, the Countess Ella, is one of the finest in the world.

The Prince de Joinville has the reputation of being, with the exception of the Comte de Paris, the most parsimonious noble in Europe. Both these royal economists have enormous fortunes.

Queen Amelie of Portugal is now almost restored to health. She is the prettiest and most fascinating of the sovereign ladies of Europe. She is tall and has a graceful figure and a charmingly expressive face.

The Princess Louise, daughter of Princess Christian, will be married to Prince Aribert of Anhalt during the coming summer. The private chapel at Windsor castle will be used for the wedding ceremony.

Princess Beatrice will exhibit a picture at the next salon, the subject of which is the Champs Elysees, Biarritz, at sunset. This youngest princess of all the British royal family seems to be a remarkable woman.

The royal vault at Delft has been opened, so that an enormous silver crown of laurel leaves, weighing several pounds, which arrived from Amsterdam as a token of regard from the Batavian colonists, might be placed on the coffin of the late king of Holland.

## LITERARY LIGHTS.

George Meredith, it is said, writes in a little cottage of two rooms standing in the garden of his house.

Gen. Lew Wallace is writing with elaborate care a story of the conquest of Constantinople by the Turks in 1454.

Louis Janvier, a Haytian negro, has lately published in Paris a novel which is said to show considerable ability and undoubted originality.

"Boisgilbert," the author of "Cæsar's Column," whose identity has puzzled the critics, proves to be the pen name of Hon. Ignatius Donnelly.

Gustav Freytag, the famous German novelist, is dangerously ill. His physicians have ordered his removal to a resort for invalids in the southern part of Europe.

William Morris, the English poet and socialist, is so busy in other pursuits that he writes the poetry which has given him fame only on Saturdays and Sundays.

[illegible] is said to aspire to eminence in a [illegible] kind of literature than erotic novels [illegible]. He has, therefore, determined to devote himself to the writing of essays and history.

Tennyson possesses the poet's true fondness for old wine. His cellar contains a choice stock of ancient vintages, his favorite [illegible] a Waterloo sherry—a wine just 75 years of age.

Twenty [illegible] Emile Zola was a [illegible] on the Boulevard St [illegible] francs a month. To-day [illegible] No living French [illegible] more money than he [illegible] of his pen.

## MORSELS OF GASTRONOMY.

[illegible] flower stewed is one of the [illegible]

[illegible] on toast make a very [illegible] breakfast dish.

[illegible] are very good, but require [illegible] for cooking.

[illegible] fried oysters and celery salad is a [illegible] supper.

[illegible] are knit [illegible] gastronomic bonds.

[illegible] with a poached [illegible] elegant dainties. [illegible] the [illegible] of the day.

[illegible] a row of [illegible] taken [illegible] It [illegible] in the [illegible] for years and [illegible], but is not, they say, appreciated "up north" as it should be.

# PRIMITIVE PEOPLE.

## METHODS THEY PURSUED IN COOKING THEIR FOODS.

### A Synopsis of a Lecture by Professor Morse—The Antiquity of Cooking—Original Manner of Applying Heat to Meats and Vegetables—Esquimaux Huts.

Professor Morse gave his second lecture on "Primitive People" at Academy hall, and spoke particularly of fireplaces and stoves. In opening he briefly reviewed his first lecture, making special reference to the fact that men and animals adapt themselves to their surroundings. Thus dogs and cats in civilized homes eat corn and oatmeal, while cows in Iceland will eat salt fish as a steady diet, though neither of these animals would eat such food in the ordinary natural state.

Proceeding to the subject in hand, Professor Morse cited the finding of baked cakes with the Egyptian mummies as evidence of the antiquity of cooked food, and of the universal primitive fashion among savage or primitive peoples of cooking food in vessels resting on three rounded stones, which man very early found out were better than four. This method was employed by the North American Indians, the Esquimaux, the modern Finns, and even by the Irish in the Seventeenth century.

Another method employed was the cooking of meats in baskets of water with hot stones. Some tribes of the North American Indians cooked corn, grasshoppers, and perhaps other delicacies by placing them in clay lined baskets, with red hot coals, and shaking the baskets back and forth and blowing off the ashes and cinders till the contents were done to what the Indians probably considered a turn.

ESQUIMAU HUTS.

The kitchens of New Zealand and Ceylon are but rough primitive forms of many that are seen in Germany and England, except that in the former cases the fires are out of doors. English and German fireplaces are far behind the American stove and cooking range, and are really survivals of prehistoric times though the hearths for the fires are raised and arrangements made for the escape of the smoke.

Succeeding the period of placing pots on three stones over the fire comes their suspension by some support, a familiar method being by means of three sticks fastened together at the top. The Esquimau suspends his kettle from the ceiling of his ice hut by means of cord or hide. And here the lecturer departed from his subject to describe how the hut is built—spirally, with blocks of ice and of dome shape. The hut is lined with skins, so that what little of the ice melts will not drop down on the occupants in the form of water.

These huts are warmed by open crude oil lamps, in which is moss saturated with oil, and over them are suspended the kettles. The oil comes from the blubber of the whale, seal and similar animals, and is obtained by the women and children, whose principal business it is in the winter time to chew blubber to get the oil. Under the hut there is usually a large supply of blubber stored for winter use.

Professor Morse describes the stoves of China and Japan, and showed two patterns of what appeared to be earthenware portable stoves, about the size of bean pots. Other stoves are rough clay or brick affairs, with openings for wood and varying numbers of holes on top for the accommodation of cooking utensils, and none have arrangements for the direct escape of the smoke out of doors.

EARLY METHODS OF GETTING FIRE.

Some of these eastern stoves have shrines or symbols over the fireplaces to keep out evil spirits, and in some of them a light is kept burning, or a little food or some other trifle placed by way of invoking the care of some good spirit over the food that is to be cooked.

In closing, the lecturer had something to say about primitive modes of creating and preserving fire, followed by some interesting experiments with crude appliances. The origin of fire is not known, nor its first discoverer, but the discovery must have been followed by a tremendous stride of advancement by the human race. Probably fire was first used as a religious rite, and by many savage nations it has been worshiped as a god; after that it was probably used for cooking, and then for other purposes.

Some people never learned the art of making fire, but took good care never to be without it. Emin Pasha, whose rescue from the heart of Africa Stanley sought, vouches for wondrous tales in that region to the effect that in some sections of Central Africa bands of chimpanzees occasionally raid the native villages with lighted torches.

Professor Morse illustrated three methods of starting fires—one by rubbing a piece of bamboo with a sharp edged stick; another by rubbing a stick in a groove on a piece of wood, and a third by means of a fire drill. None of these methods brings a direct blaze, but will produce a spark from which a fire may be brought by coaxing with tinder. The fire drill was the most successful of the experiments on this occasion, and was accompanied by considerable smoke, but no fire. The drill is a simple arrangement of wood and cord, by which a stick is kept rapidly revolving on a piece of wood, and in a fraction of a minute creates smoke and sparks.—Salem Gazette.

### Queer Remedies.

For cramps a ring is frequently worn upon the finger, but to possess the requisite virtue it is necessary that the ring should be made of [illegible] taken by stealth [illegible] The great [illegible] diseases [illegible] neck, containing [illegible] of a live toad [illegible]—[illegible] Tit-Bits.

If [illegible] a spoon in a glass before [illegible] the glass will not [illegible] But [illegible] a new glass to every [illegible] drink.

### He Was Smith of Pottsville.

I had been dropped off the train at a small station in Nebraska, and the train had been gone about [illegible] minutes when a young man rode up and called out to the landlord, who was also station agent and telegraph operator:

"Has the train passed?"

"She has," was the reply.

"Did you get a telegram from me to hold her here till I came?"

"One from Smith from Pottsville. That you?"

"Yes."

"I showed it to the conductor, and he said you must be fresh to think he could fool around here."

"Said that, did he? Saw it was signed Smith, eh?"

"Yes."

"Went right on just the same?"

"Yes."

"Didn't even ask what Smith?"

"No."

"Didn't express any anxiety, eh?"

"Not the least."

"Well, good-by."

"Hold on a bit. What's up?"

"Oh, nothing much. My name is Smith, of Pottsville. I was going to marry the conductor's daughter this evening. Had to catch this train to get down there, you know."

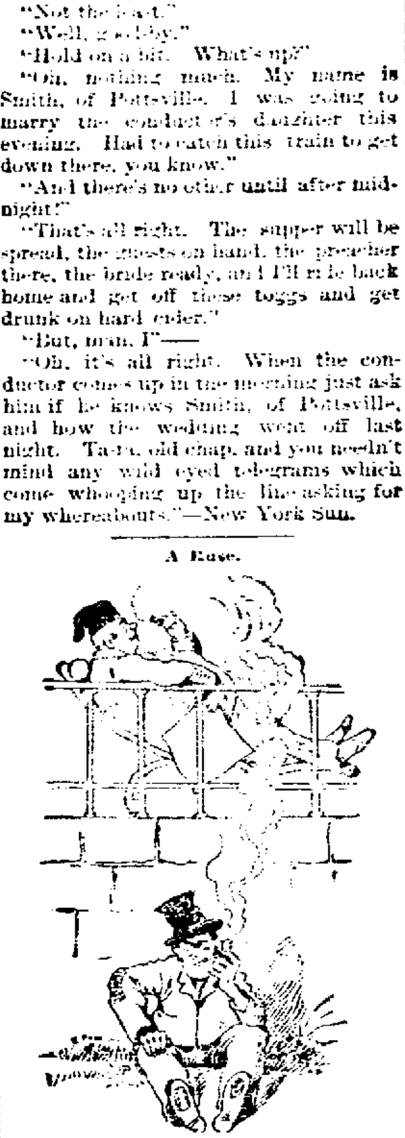
"And there's no other until after midnight!"

"That's all right. The supper will be spread, the guests on hand, the preacher there, the bride ready, and I'll ride back home and get off these toggs and get drunk on hard cider."

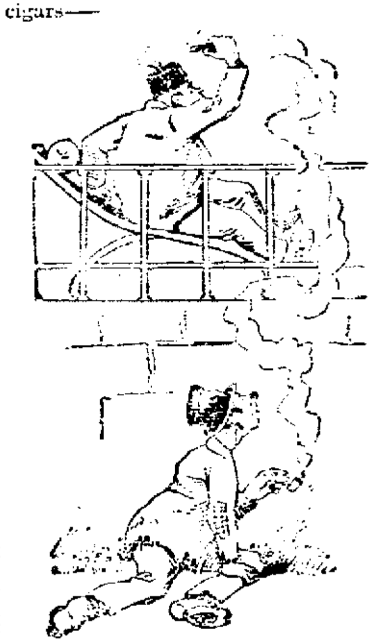
"But, man, I"——

"Oh, it's all right. When the conductor comes up in the morning just ask him if he knows Smith, of Pottsville, and how the wedding went off last night. Ta-ta, old chap, and you needn't mind any wild eyed telegrams which come whooping up the line asking for my whereabouts."—New York Sun.

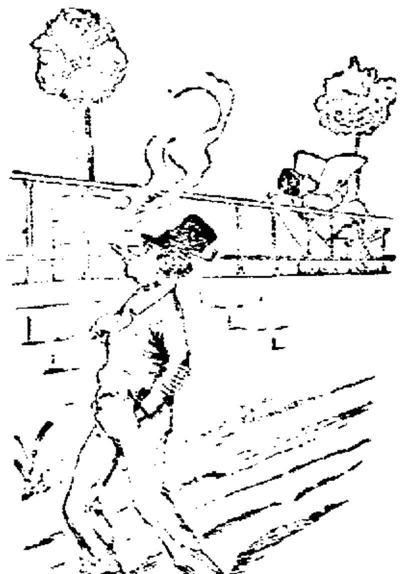
### A Ruse.



Mr. Bloomer—Friend William tells me he spends fifty cents apiece for those cigars——



——but I believe that would kill a horse.



Boy—Fool Bill—It ain't every day that I strike a snap like this.—Adapted from Humoristische.

### Broke Up the Game.

She—We were having a most interesting game at the De Courcys' the other evening when you [illegible] solo.

He—Indeed! Who won?

She—I didn't stay.—New York Herald.

### Overloaded.

Boy—Say, mister, shall I carry yer satchel? Dime for a trip.

Dude—My satchel is [illegible]

Boy—Well, let me carry your cane then.—Good News.

### A Perfect Plan.

Larkin—I know the best way to avoid hurricanes at sea.

Sunway—Well, what is it?

Larkin—Remain on the shore.—Puck.

### A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is today enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at Flocken's drug store.

### A Great Pity.

Mrs. Riverside Rives (at the auction rooms)—What a lovely collection of antiques!

Mrs. Calumet—Yes; but what a pity it is that one has to buy them all second hand!—Puck.

### A Mystery Explained.

The papers contain frequent notices of rich, pretty and educated girls eloping with negroes, tramps and coachmen. The well-known specialist, Dr. Franklin Miles, says all such girls are more or less hysterical, nervous, very impulsive, unbalanced; usually subject to headache, neuralgia, sleeplessness, immoderate crying or laughing. These show a weak nervous system for which there is no remedy equal to Restorative Nervine. Trial bottles and a fine book, containing many marvelous cures, free at Denison & Co's. and Hoberman & Co's, who also sell and guarantee Dr. Miles' celebrated New Heart Cure, the finest of heart tonics. Cures fluttering, short breath, etc.

### Ethel's Excuse.

"You told me a falsehood last night, Ethel," said Ethel's father. "I asked you if Charlie Hicks had gone, and you said yes."

"No, you didn't. You asked, 'Is that young man gone yet?' He was—awfully gone."—New York Sun.

We are told of a man who has been annoyed for years by the fact that one side of his mustache grows about twice as fast as the other side claims to have found an explanation in the circumstance that he sits all day at his desk with one side of his face turned to a window, the light from which stimulates the growth of the hair on that side.

### A Poem.

The kiss I stole from Eulie
With my choicest poem ranks,
Because, to tell you truly,
It was "returned with thanks."
—Puck.

Captain W. A. Abbett, who has long been with Messrs. Percivil & Hatton, real estate and insurance brokers, Des Moines, Iowa, and is one of the best known and most respected business men in that city, says: "I can't testify to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Having used it in my family for the past eight years, I can safely say it has no equal for either cold or croup. It seems to expel the mucus from the lungs, and leave the system in as good condition as before taking the cold. We have also used several other kinds, but unhesitatingly say Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best of all." 50 cent bottles for sale by L. H. Flocken, druggist.

### His Objective Point.

Guest—Look here. I wanted four towels and you only brought three.

Bell Boy—What do you want to do—take a bath?

Guest—No; I am trying to stop a leak in this gas jet.—Judge.

### Surprise to All.

After using "Mother's Friend" two months I was so speedily and easily relieved that it was a surprise to those attending me. "Mother's Friend" undoubtedly lessens the pains, shortens the time and restores the mother speedily to health. Will recommend it to all expectant mothers, and advise them to use it. Mrs. J. A. R., Muncie, Ind. Sold at L. H. Flocken's drug store.

HOOD'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT
OF
SARSAPARILLA
—TRADE MARK—

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's **Peculiar** Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No **To Itself** other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar**

## Local Time Card.

ERIE.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

No. 30 .... 6 15 a.m. No. 30 .... 6 4, a.m.

# AT THE TABERNACLE.

## [illegible] TO THE INDIFFERENT AND PROCRASTINATING.

### The Refinements of Life Are Good Things, and So Are Wealth and Comfort, Friendship and Love; but One Thing Thou Lackest Yet.

[illegible], Feb. 1.—The deep religious interest manifested in Dr. Talmage's ministrations since his recent sermon, "Appeal to Outsiders," has greatly encouraged him to continue this distinctively evangelistic series. To-day he delivered another sermon of the same gospel type, both at the morning service in the Academy of Music in this city, and at The Christian Herald service at night in the New York Academy of Music. His text was taken from Mark x, 21: "One thing thou lackest."

That young man of the text was a [illegible]. We fall in love with him at the first glance. He was amiable, frank and earnest and educated, refined and respectable and moral, and yet he was not a Christian. And so Christ addresses him in the words that I have read to you, "One thing thou lackest." I suppose that that text was no more appropriate to that young man of whom I have spoken than it is appropriate to a great multitude of people in this audience. There are many things in which you are not lacking. For instance, you are not lacking in a good home. It is perhaps no more than an hour ago that you closed the door, returning to see whether it was well fastened, of one of the best homes in this city. The younger children of the house already asleep, the little ones, hearing your returning footsteps, will rush to the door to meet you. And in these winter evenings, the children at the stand with their lessons, the wife plying the needle and you reading the book or the paper, you feel that you have a good home. Neither are you lacking in the refinements and courtesies of life. You understand the phraseology of invitation, regard [illegible]. You have on appropriate apparel. I shall wear no better dress at the wedding than when I come to the marriage of the king's son. If I am well clothed on other occasions I will be in a religious audience. However careless I may be about my personal appearance at other times, when I come into a consecrated assemblage I shall have on the best dress I have. We all understand the proprieties of everyday life and the proprieties of Sabbath life.

WORLDLY SUCCESS HAS ITS VALUE.

Neither are you lacking in worldly success. You have not made as much money as you would like to make, but you have an income. While others are false when they say they have no income or are making no money, you have never told that falsehood. You have had a livelihood or you have fallen upon old resources, which is just the same thing, for God is just as good to us when he takes care of us by a surplus of the past as by present success. While there are thousands of men with hunger tearing at the throat with the strength of a tiger's paw, not one of you is hungry.

Neither are you lacking in pleasant friendships. You have real good friends. If the scarlet fever should come tonight to your house, you know very well who would come in and sit up with the sick one, or if death should come, you know who would come in and take your hand tight in theirs with that peculiar grip which means, "I'll stand by you," and after the life has fled from the loved one, take you by the arm and lead you into the next room, and while you are gone to Greenwood they would stay in the house and put aside the garments and the playthings that might bring to your mind too sorely your great loss. Friends? You all have friends.

Neither are you lacking in your admiration of the Christian religion. There is nothing that makes you so angry as to have a man malign Christ. You get red in the face and you say, "Sir, I want you to understand that though I am not myself a Christian, I don't like such things said as that in my store," and the man goes off, giving you a parting salutation, but you hardly answer him. You are provoked beyond all bounds. Many of you have been supporters of religion, and have given more to the cause of Christ than some who profess his faith. There is nothing that would please you more than to see your son or daughter standing at the altar of Christ, taking the vows of the Christian.

It might be a little hard on you, and it might make you nervous and agitated for a little while, but you would be the first to say, "My child, that is right. Go on. I am glad you haven't been kept back by my example. I hope some day to join you." You believe in the doctrines of religion. A man [illegible] says, "I am a sinner." You respond, "So am I." Some one says, "I believe that Christ came to save the world." You say, "So do I." Looking at your character, at your surroundings, I find a thousand things about which to congratulate you, and yet I must tell you in the love and fear of God and with reference to my last account, "One thing thou lackest."

THE CHRISTIAN'S HAPPINESS.

You need, my friends, in the first place the element of happiness. Some day you feel wretched. You do not know what is the matter with you. You say: "I did not sleep last night. I think that must be the reason of my restlessness," or, "I have eaten something that did not agree with me, and I think that must be the reason." And you are unhappy. Oh, my friends, happiness does not depend upon physical condition. Some of the happiest people I have ever known have been those who have been wrapped in consumption, or stung with neuralgia, or burning with the slow fire of some fever.

I never shall forget one man in my first parish, who in excruciation of body cried out, "Mr. Talmage, I forget all my pain in the love and joy of Jesus Christ. I can't think of my sufferings when I think of Christ." Why, his face was illumined! There are young men in this house who would give testimony to show that there is no happiness outside of Christ, while there is great joy in his service. There are young men who have not been Christians more than six months who would stand up to-night, if I should ask them, and say in those six months they had more joy and satisfaction than in all the years of their frivolity and dissipation. Go to the door of that gin shop to night, and when the gang of young men come out ask them whether they are happy. They laugh along the street, and they jeer and they shout, but nobody has any idea that they are happy.

I could call upon the aged men in this house to give testimony. There are aged men here who tried the world, and they tried religion, and they are willing to testify on our side. It was not long ago that an aged man arose in a praying circle and said: "Brethren, I lost my son just as he graduated from college, and it broke my heart; but I am glad now he is gone. He is at rest, escaped from all sorrow and from all trouble. And then, in 1857, I lost all my property, and you see I am getting old, and it is rather hard upon me; but I am sure God will not let me suffer. He has not taken care of me for seventy-five years now to let me drop out of his hands."

I went into the room of an aged man, his eyesight nearly gone, his hearing nearly gone, and what do you suppose he was talking about? The goodness of God and the joys of religion. He said: "I would like to go over and join my wife on the other side of the flood, and I am waiting until the Lord calls me. I am happy now. I shall be happy there."

What is it that gave that aged man so much satisfaction and peace? Physical exuberance? No; it has all gone. Sunshine. He cannot see it. The voices of friends. He cannot hear them. It is the grace of God, that is brighter than sunshine and that is sweeter than music. If a harpist takes a harp and finds that all the strings are broken but one string, he does not try to play upon it. Yet here I will show you an aged man the strings of whose joy are all broken save one, and yet he thrums it with such satisfaction, such melody that the angels of God stop the swift stroke of their wings and hover about the place until the music ceases. Oh, religion's "ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." And if you have not the satisfaction that is to be found in Jesus Christ I must tell you, with all the concentrated emphasis of my soul, "One thing thou lackest."

CHRIST CALLS YOU TO USEFULNESS.

I remark, again, that you lack the element of usefulness. Where is your business? You say it is No. 45 such a street, or No. 250 such a street, or No. 300 such a street. My friend immortal, your business is wherever there is a tear to be wiped away or a soul to be saved. You may, before coming to Christ, do a great many noble things. You take a loaf of bread to that starving man in the alley, but he wants immortal bread. You take a pound of candles to that dark shanty. They want the light that springs from the throne of God, and you cannot take it because you have it not in your own heart. You know that the flight of an arrow depends very much upon the strength of the bow, and I have to tell you that the best bow that was ever made was made out of the cross of Christ, and when religion takes a soul and puts it on that, and pulls it back and lets it fly, every time it brings down a Saul or Goliath.

There are people here of high social position, and large means, and cultured minds, who, if they would come into the kingdom of God, would set the city on fire with religious awakening. Oh, hear you not the more than million voices of those in these two cities who are unconverted? Voices of those who in these two cities are dying in their sins? They want light. They want bread. They want Christ. They want heaven. Oh, that the Lord would make you a flaming evangel! As for myself, I have sworn before high heaven that I will preach this gospel as well as I can, in all its fullness, until every fiber of my body, and every faculty of my mind and every passion of my soul, is exhausted. But we all have a work to do. I cannot do your work, nor can you do my work. God points us out the place where we are to serve, and yet are there not people in this house who are thirty, forty, fifty, and sixty years of age, and yet have not begun the great work for which they were created? With every worldly equipment, "One thing thou lackest."

Again, you lack the element of personal safety. Where are those people who associated with you twenty years ago? Where are those people that fifteen years ago used to cross South ferry or Fulton ferry with you to New York? Walk down the street where you were in business fifteen years ago and see how all the signs have changed. Where are the people gone? How many of them are landed in eternity! I cannot say [illegible] to the village of my boyhood [illegible] houses were all changed. [illegible] house in which once resided [illegible] who had lived an earnest Christian life, and he is in glory now. [illegible] house a miser lived. He [illegible] widows' houses, and spent his whole life in trying to make the world worse and worse. And he is gone, the good man and the miser both gone to the same place. Ah, did they go to the same place? It is an infinite absurdity to suppose them both in the same place. If the miser had a harp what tune did he play on it?

Oh, my friends, I commend to you this religion as the only personal safety. When you die where are you going to? When we leave all these scenes, upon what scenes will we enter? When we were on shipboard, and we all felt that we must go to the bottom, was I right in saying to one next me, "I wonder if we will reach heaven if we do go down to-night?" Was I wise or unwise in asking that question? I tell you that man is a fool who never thinks of the great future.

THE HOPE OF ETERNAL LIFE.

If you pay money you take a receipt. If you buy land you record the deed. Why? Because everything is so uncertain you want it down in black and white, you say. For a house and lot twenty five feet front by one hundred feet deep, all security, but for a soul, vast as eternity, nothing, nothing! If some man or woman, standing in some of these aisles, should drop down, where would you go to? Which is your destiny? Suppose a man is prepared for the future world, what difference does it make to him whether he goes to his home to lay or goes into glory? Only this difference, if he dies he is better off. Where he had one joy on earth he will have a million in heaven. When he has a small sphere here he will have a grand sphere there. Perhaps it would cost you sixty, or one hundred, or one hundred and fifty dollars to have your physical life insured, and yet free of charge I offer you insurance on your immortal life, payable not at your decease, but now and to-morrow and every day and always.

My hope in Christ is not so bright as many Christians I know, but I would not give it up for the whole universe in one cash payment if it were offered me. It has been so much comfort to me in time of trouble, it has been so much strength to me when I have been assailed, it has been so much rest to me when I have been perplexed, and it is around my heart such an encasement of satisfaction and blessedness that I can stand here before God and say: "Take away my health, take away my life, take everything rather than rob me of this hope, this plain, simple hope which I have in Jesus Christ my Lord. I must have this robe when the last chill strikes through me. I must have this light when all other lights go out in the blast that comes up from the cold Jordan. I must have this sword with which to fight my way through all those foes on my way heavenward."

When I was in London I saw there the wonderful armor of Henry VIII and Edward III. And yet I have to tell you that there is nothing in chain mail or brass plate or gauntlet or halberd that makes a man so safe as the armor in which the Lord God clothes his dear children. Oh, there is a safety in religion. You will ride down all your foes. Look out for that man who has the strength of the Lord God with him. In olden times the horsemen used to ride into battle with lifted lances, and the enemy fled the field. The Lord on the white horse of victory, and with lifted lances of Divine strength rides into the battle and down goes the spiritual foe, while the victor shouts the triumph through the Lord Jesus Christ. As a matter of personal safety, my dear friends, you must have this religion.

THE YOUNG HAVE THEIR TRIALS.

I apply my subject to several classes of people before me. First, to that great multitude of young people in this house. Some of these young men are in boarding houses. They have but few social advantages. They think that no one cares for their souls. Many of them are on small salaries, and they are cramped and [illegible] perpetually, and sometimes [illegible] fails them. Young man, to [illegible] your bedroom door on the third floor, you will hear a knocking. It will be the hand of Jesus Christ, the young man's friend, saying, "Oh, young man, let me come in. I will help thee. I will comfort thee. I will deliver thee."

Take the Bible out of the trunk if it has been hidden away. If you have not the courage to lay it on the shelf or table, take that book that was given to you by some loved one, take it out of the trunk and lay it down on the bottom of the chair, then kneel down beside it, and read and pray, and pray and read, until all your disturbance is gone and you feel that peace which neither earth nor hell can rob you of. Thy father's God, thy mother's God waits for thee, O young man. "Escape for thy life! Escape now!" "One thing thou lackest."

But I apply this subject to the aged —not many here, not many in any assemblage. People do not live to get old. That is the general rule. Here and there an aged man in the house. I tell you the truth. You have lived long enough in this world to know that it cannot satisfy an immortal nature. I must talk to you more reverentially than I do to these other people, while at the same time I speak with great plainness.

O father of the weary step, O mother bent down under the ailments of [illegible], has thy God ever forsaken thee? Through all these years who has been your best friend? Seventy years of harvests! Seventy years of food and clothing! Oh, how many bright mornings! How many glorious evening hours you have seen! O father, mother, God has been very good to you. Do you feel it? Some of you have children and grandchildren; the former cheered your young life, the latter twine your gray locks in their tiny fingers. Has all the goodness that God has been making pass before you produced no change in your feeling, and must it be said of you, notwithstanding all this, "One thing thou lackest"?

Oh, if you could only feel the hand of Christ smoothing the cares out of wrinkled faces! Oh, if you could only feel the warm arm of Christ steadying your tottering steps! I lift my voice loud enough to break through the deafness of the ear while I cry out, "One thing thou lackest." It was an importunate appeal a young man made in a prayer meeting when he rose up and said: "Do pray for my old father. He is 70 years of age, and he don't love Christ." That father passed a few more steps on in life, and then he went down. He never gave any intimation that he had chosen Jesus. It is a very hard thing for an old man to become a Christian. I know it is. It is so hard a thing that it cannot be done by any human work, but God Almighty can do it by his omnipotent grace; he can bring you at the eleventh hour—at half-past 11—at one minute of 12 he can bring you to the peace and the joys of the glorious gospel.

I must make application of this subject also to those who are prospered. Have you, my friends, found that dollars and cents are no permanent consolation to the soul? You have large worldly resources, but have you no treasures in heaven? Is an embroidered pillow all that you want to put your dying head on? You have heard people all last week talk about earthly values. Hear a plain man talk about the heavenly. Do you not know it will be worse for you, O prospered man, if you reject Christ, and reject him finally, that it will be worse for you than those who had it hard in this world, because the contrast will make the discomfiture so much more appalling? As the hart bounds for the water brooks, as the roe speeds down the hillside, speed thou to Christ. "Escape for thy life, look not behind thee, neither stay thou in all the plain; escape to the mountain, lest thou be consumed!"

CONSOLATION FOR THE POOR ALSO.

I must make my application to another class of persons—the poor. When you cannot pay your rent when it is due, have you nobody but the landlord to talk to? When the flour has gone out of the barrel, and you have not ten cents with which to go to the bakery, and your children are tugging at your dress for something to eat, have you nothing but the world's charities to appeal to? When winter comes, and there are no coals, and the ash barrels have no more cinders, who takes care of you? Have you nobody but the overseer of the poor? But I preach to you a poor man's Christ. If you do not have in the winter blankets enough to cover you in the night, I want to tell you of him who had not where to lay his head. If you lie on the bare floor, I want to tell you of him who had for a pillow a hard cross, and whose foot bath was the streaming blood of his own heart.

Oh, you poor man! Oh, you poor woman! Jesus understands your case altogether. Talk it right out to him to-night. Get down on your floor and say, "Lord Jesus Christ, thou wast poor and I am poor. Help me. Thou art rich now, and bring me up to thy riches!" Do you think God would cast you off? Will he? You might as well think that a mother would take the child that feeds on her breast and dash its life out as to think that God would put aside roughly those who have fled to him for pity and compassion. Yea, the prophet says, "A woman may forget her sucking child, that she should not have compassion on the son of her womb, but I will not forget thee."

If you have ever been on the sea you have been surprised on the first voyage to find there are so few sails in sight. Sometimes you go along two, three, four, five, six and seven days and do not see a single sail, but when a sail does come in sight the sea glasses are lifted to the eye, the vessel is watched, and if it come very near then the captain through the trumpet cries loudly across the water, "Whither bound?" So you and I meet on this sea of life. We come and we go. Some of us have never met before. Some of us will never meet again. But I hail you across the sea, and with reference to the last great day and with reference to the two great worlds, I cry across the water, "Whither bound? whither bound?"

I know what service that craft was made for, but hast thou thrown overboard the compass? Is there no helm to guide it? Is the ship at the mercy of the tempest? Is there no gun of distress booming through the storm? With precious treasures, with treasures aboard worth more than all the Indies, wilt thou never come up out of the trough of that sea? O Lord God, lay hold of that man! Son of God, if thou wert ever needed anywhere, thou art needed here. There are so many sins to be pardoned. There are so many wounds to be healed. There are so many souls to be saved. Help, Jesus! Help, Holy Ghost! Help, ministering angels from the throne! Help, all sweet memories of the past! Help, all prayers for our future deliverance! Oh, that now, in this the accepted time and the day of salvation, you would hear the voice of mercy and live. Taste and see that the Lord is gracious.

In this closing moment of the service, when everything in the house is so favorable, when everything is so still, when God is so loving, and heaven is so near, drop your sins and take Jesus. Do not cheat yourself out of heaven. Do not do that. God forbid that at the last, when it is too late to correct the mistake, a voice should rise from the pillow or drop from the throne, uttering just four words—four sad, annihilating words, "One thing thou lackest."

## ODDS AND ENDS.

A year ago Harvard had 2,079 students, Columbia, 1,620, and Yale, 1,477.

Pointed slippers and ties, as well as shoes, should be one size larger than those of an ordinary shape.

Take two large spools, drive large nails through them in the wall about two inches apart and hang your broom up, brush end up.

On a recent Monday morning in New York city 105,000 letters were taken out by carriers in the first delivery.

The new 10 inch guns are expected to range 13,650 yards at 20 degs. elevation. The 12 inch guns will range 14,700 yards at 20 degs. elevation.

Fifty-five ladies practicing medicine in India have presented a memorial to the viceroy that the age of consent in marriage may be raised to 14.

Prince Valdemar, the youngest brother of the Princess of Wales, is a naval officer. He has worked his way up from a humble position to the rank of captain.

The average stipend of curates of the church of England who have been twenty five years in holy orders is only £118 a year. So it is stated in the report of the curates' augmentation fund.

One of the most vulgar and unbecoming things in the world is devotion to dress, which, in many minds, grows into a form of insanity, and leads to the worship of dry goods and dress makers.

A good remedy for bee or wasp stings is common earth mixed to a mud paste with water. Apply to the afflicted spot immediately, covering with a cloth.

The venerable preacher, Dr. Robert Collyer, boasts that he has never been sick abed. In spite of his advanced years he is hale and robust. His nearest approach to a severe illness came when he had la grippe.

The bureau of vital statistics in New York city has received a certificate announcing the marriage of a Chinaman to a Chinese woman. It is said to be the first official record of a Chinese marriage in New York.

### Trades and Trade Schools.

If every boy learned a trade thoroughly the market would not be glutted as at present with unskilled labor, and there would not be so many young men sitting around in offices trying to make themselves generally useful at $5 to $8 a week, while they are learning scarcely anything of actual business and are on the road to nowhere in particular. This is the situation, and Col. Auchmuty, of the New York trade school, described the remedy in an extremely interesting and valuable lecture at the board of trade rooms Wednesday evening. The apprenticeship system has passed out of vogue in the United States, and the majority of skilled workmen are foreign born. A young man nowadays must pick up his trade, at best in a slipshod manner, in such a position as he can get. The trade unions are hostile to the training of apprentices, their policy is to corner skilled labor.

The trade school is the solution of the problem. The 2,500 young men who have learned trades in Col. Auchmuty's school have earned $2.50 to $5 per day on leaving, and testify that the school has been the making of them. Plasterers have gone right out and earned $4 a day. Bright young men master the course in plumbing in three months, in some instances, and find work awaiting them on graduating. The work of the bricklayers who learn the trade there is far superior to the average contract work. The old system of training induces a boy to leave school to find employment in a workshop.

The trade school system encourages him to remain at school, to go to college if he can, and then learn his trade in a trade school. Thirty-one of the forty four states of the Union are represented at the New York school. Col. Auchmuty asks what more useful and enduring gift Springfield could receive from the business men than such a school.—Springfield Homestead.

### A Big Umbrella.

The biggest umbrella in the world has been made by Messrs. Wilson, Matheson & Co. of Glasgow, for the use of a West African king. The umbrella, which can be closed in the usual manner, is twenty-one feet in diameter, and is affixed to a polished mahogany staff of the same length. The canopy is made of Indian straw, lined with cardinal and white, has a score of straw tassels and a border of crimson satin. On the top is a pine shaped straw ornament which terminates in a gilded cone. When in use the umbrella is fixed in the ground and under its shelter the king is able to entertain thirty guests at dinner.—London Tit-Bits.

**A Fatal Mistake.**

Physicians make no more fatal mistakes than when they inform patients that nervous heart troubles come from the stomach and are of little consequence. Dr. Franklin Miles, the noted Indiana specialist, has proven the contrary in his new book on "Heart Disease," which may be had free at Denison & Co. and Hoberman & Co.'s who guarantee and recommend Dr. Miles' unequaled New Heart Cure, which has the largest sale of any heart remedy in the world. It cures nervous and organic heart disease, short breath, fluttering, pain or tenderness in the side, arm or shoulder, irregular pulse, fainting, smothering, dropsy, etc. His Restorative Nervine cures headache, fits, etc.

### Business.

Slick (to Blossom)—Is this Mr. Bloomer's office?

Blossom—No. His office is across the hall.

Slick (leaving the door open as he walks out)—Thank you, sir.

Blossom—Hey! Come back and close that door. Haven't you any doors in your house?

Slick—Yes, sir; but they all have springs on 'em. Allow me to show you, sir, my patent, double back action door spring. It closes the door without a bang, and is warranted to last a lifetime. —Life.

**The First Step.**

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into nervous prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents, at Flocken's drug store.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Flocken.

### Suspected It.

Weary Citizen (to young man next door)—That seems to be a very fine violin. I have heard you playing it a great deal. It is quite a valuable one, is it not?

Young Man—Yes. Been in the family over a hundred years.

(Fiddles away.)

Weary Citizen—May I ask what it is worth?

Young Man (stopping his fiddling a moment)—It's worth about $3,000, I guess.

(Fiddles away.)

Weary Citizen (exploding)—What do you think you're worth, young man?

Young Man (unruffled)—Me? Ain't worth a darn.

(Fiddles away.)—Chicago Tribune.

It is reported that two women in Chicago recently engaged in a street fight in which revolvers were drawn and fired. As a result a foolish man, walking on the other side of the street, is now mortally wounded with two bullets in different parts of his anatomy and the women have kissed and made up.

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SOLD BY H. C. HOBERMAN & CO.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

We believe we have a thorough knowledge of all the ins and outs of newspaper advertising, gained in an experience of twenty-five years of successful business; we have the best equipped office, by far the most comprehensive as well as the most convenient system of placing contracts and verifying their fulfillment and unrivaled facilities in all departments for careful and intelligent service. We offer our services to all who contemplate spending $10 or $10,000 in newspaper advertising and who wish to get the most and best advertising for the money.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co. Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

| LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS. | CURES. | PRICES. |
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| 1 | Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation | .25 |
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| 3 | Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants | .25 |
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| 11 | Suppressed or Painful Periods | .25 |
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| 15 | Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains | .25 |
| 16 | Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria | .50 |
| 17 | Piles, Blind or Bleeding | .50 |
| 19 | Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head | .50 |
| 20 | Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs | .50 |
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| 30 | Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed | .50 |
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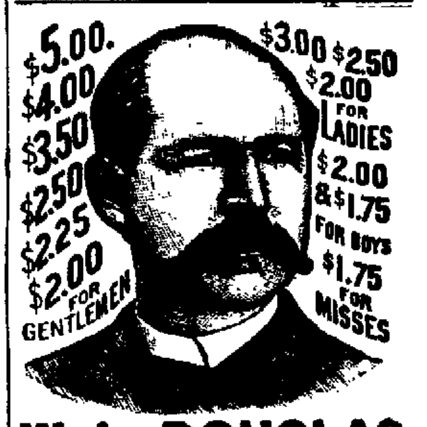
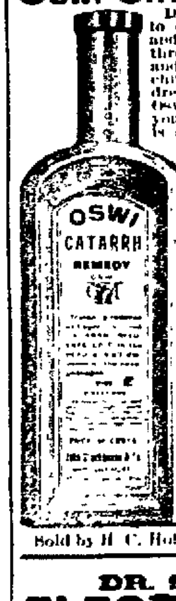
Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages) richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free.
HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO.,
Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SPECIFICS.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
J. E. RHOADS.

OSWI CATARRH REMEDY



Do not allow Catarrh in the head to continue its course unheeded and unchecked, as it affects the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs and is liable to develop into bronchitis and consumption, that most dreaded destroyer of human life. OSWI CATARRH REMEDY will cure you. Instant relief is obtained. It is soothing, antiseptic, cleansing and healing, and no injury to the system will result from its use. COLD IN THE HEAD is cured with a few applications. CATARRHAL HEADACHE is relieved and quickly cured. It removes offensive breath, loss or impairment of the sense of taste, smell, or hearing, roaring in the head, watering or weak eyes. Catarrh of the Head and Throat is a local disease and therefore can be cured only by local application of OSWI CATARRH REMEDY. The great value of this remedy for Catarrh is daily becoming better known, and is recognized as the common sense method of treating this disease. 50 cents per bottle.

John Stackhouse & Co.
534 Arch St.
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT WITH SUSPENSORY FOR WEAK MEN [illegible] ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY [illegible] MONEY. [illegible]
SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 815 Broadway, New York.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.
Sold by Flocken & Co., druggists.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND

Composed of Cotton Root, Tansy and Pennyroyal—a recent discovery by an old physician. Is successfully used monthly—Safe, Effectual. Price $1, by mail, sealed. Ladies, ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound and take no substitute, or inclose 2 stamps for sealed particulars. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Marion by H. C. Hoberman & Co. druggists.

[illegible] Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

MUSIC HALL

J. B. SARGENT, MANAGER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY,

TUESDAY, FEBR'ARY 3,

Macleod Popular Tours

[illegible]

PROF. J. MACLEOD.

[illegible]

STANLEY in AFRICA,

ENTIRELY NEW.

The Rescue of Emin Pasha. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Macleod Quartette.

"The Macleod illustrated tours [illegible] and drew big houses and was accorded a good reception." Detroit Free Press.

ADMISSION 25c. RESERVED SEATS 35c. COMMENCE AT 8.

COAL! AT LOW PRICES —AT— L.B. GURLEY'S.

OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.

TELEPHONE, NO. 67.

GET THE BEST

Hard or Soft

COAL

Linsley & Lawrence

West Street, Between Railroads.

FOR RENT—South half of the Holm property, on North Main street, at $5 per month to good paying tenant. 14-tf. GEO. D. COPELAND.

FOR RENT—A good house of seven rooms on Pearl street. Inquire of Mrs. M. S. Leonard. 40tf

FOR RENT—The two rooms in third story of Centennial Block now occupied by Geo. Wiler. Enquire of J. L. Elliott, at Marion Steam Shovel Co. office. 48 tf.

FOR RENT—Nice new business room in new Wesley block. Can be fixed to suit any kind of business. Possession given at once. Inquire at Marion County Bank. 32tf H. TRUE.

FOR RENT—A furnished front room. Inquire of Mrs. D. H. Earnest, corner of east Center and High streets. 60t6

FOR RENT—One suit of rooms and two nice 6 room houses on Center street. Call on W. B. Foye. 62 t6

FOR RENT—Dwelling house, of three large rooms, on north East street, cheap. Inquire of James Molloy.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Steady employment for good girl. Inquire of Mrs. M. Dudley, Jefferson street. 57-tf.

WANTED—Washing either at home or at residence of parties wanting work done. Will also do housecleaning. Satisfaction assured. Apply to Mrs. Meerla 1st door south of South School Building. 61 t8

—Cunningham, the plumber.

—For fine cigars go to Foye's.

—See H. N. Love for fire insurance.

—Secure a reserved seat for Tuesday evening.

—Regular meeting of the city council tonight.

—For pure, fine drugs and medicines go to Foye's.

—Stanley in Africa, at Music Hall Tuesday night.

—An elegant line of box papers just received at Odaffer & Hinds'.

—The tour of "Stanley in Africa" is always assured a large attendance.

—Odaffer & Hinds' 10c budgets of writing paper are the best in Marion for the money. 61t2

—Elsworth Bishop is taking a short lay off from his desk at the C. and E. freight house.

—For sale or exchange for real estate, a jewelry store. Address B. A. Shields, Marion, O. 61t3

—Operator Bishop, at the C. H. V. and T., is laying off on account of the sickness of his wife.

—E. N. Mincer has returned home from Texas and will remain at the store of B. Mincer, and having a thorough experience in making and adapting spectacles to the eye, he is able to fit accurately in every case of abnormal vision, known as presbyopia, myopia and hypermetropia, as well as weak sight, requiring various tinted glasses. 60-t6

—Walter Morrison Sundayed in Urbana.

—Ed Beale is laying off today on account of sickness.

—Ben Rhodes, of Prospect, was in the city on business today.

—Mrs. J. E. Rhoads is improving from her attack of the grip.

Prof. Macleod carries a male quartet with the Stanley tour.

—T. J. Sullivan took charge of the C. and E. round house today.

—Anthony McAndrew and Mary O'Hara were licensed to marry today.

—Frank Leffler and lady spent Sunday with friends in Fredericktown, O.

—There will be services at the German M. E. church each evening this week.

—Odaffer & Hinds have the latest designs in box paper, at prices that will please you.

—Miss Margaret Huston, of Columbus, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Reed.

—Philip Schweinfurth, accompanied by his sister, Miss Lizzie, spent Sunday in Delaware.

—Billie Jones spent Sunday with his best friends in Prospect. He was not ditched this time.

—Percey Hill, of Dalaware, stopped in this city a few hours this morning on his way to Lima.

—Ed Matthews is working nights at the Erie telegraph office, the regular operator being sick.

—Mrs. Ed Seffner returned from Akron Sunday, where she had been called to attend her sick sister.

—The friends of Mrs. Heller will regret to learn of her serious illness, at her home on West street.

—Mrs. Charles Arnold and Miss Nellie Flocken have returned to Bucyrus, after a pleasant visit here.

—R. C. Ackerman left today for Bloomville, Seneca county, to attend the funeral of his father-in-law.

—Dr. C. P. Gailey has been on the sick list for the past couple weeks, but is improving, though not yet in his old time good humor.

—Egan's Dramatic Co. was layed out here today by the Erie wreck at Canard. The show was billed for Richwood tonight, but had considerable difficulty in getting there.

—Smoked meats, hams, shoulders and bacon, of my own killing of choicest pigs. Also pure lard of my own rendering, the best in the city. 62t6 A. LEFFLER.

—Boston Journal speaks of the Lotus Glee Club as follows: The Lotus Glee Club, fresh from successes in London, are all artists. Their voices blend perfectly, and it is a positive pleasure to listen to the selections rendered by them. From the vocal waltz, which opened the program, to the beautiful serenade by Alt, which was the closing number, the audience listened spellbound. No such artistic singing has been heard for a long time from any male quartet in this city.

As a result of the [illegible] protracted meetings of the Baptist and Methodist congregations which are being held at the Free Baptist church, a total of twenty-three accessions were made to the two churches Sunday. Fifteen united with the Methodists and eight with the Baptists. The meetings are still [illegible].

—This is the day on which the traditional ground hog regulates the weather for the next six weeks. Accepting the truth of the old tradition the animal will likely be holed for some time to come. The sun shone, but probably after all the ground hog will have nothing to do with the weather, and there is no cause for worry.

—Mrs. J. Fribley has gone to Columbus to spend a week with her daughter, Mrs. Lyman Dunn. By the way, Mrs. T. F. Smith, another daughter of Mrs. Fribley is now a resident of Columbus, T. F. Smith & Co. having sold their interests in Delaware and entered the wholesale hardware business in the Capital City.

—There is a young gentleman in this city who is said to be possessed of the quite remarkable faculty of telling a person just where they will find any lost article. The young man claims no supernatural power but when told of a lost article gives the first place that comes into his mind as the place where it will be found, and we are assured he always "calls the turn."

—Mr. Breen and his clever force of employes at the C. and E. eating house were rushed for a short time Sunday evening. The Crystal Slipper Co., consisting of 150 people, took supper at that place. The company came through from the East on a special train of three sleepers, one day coach and three baggage cars. They were on their way to Cincinnati, and made a merry crowd.

—Jno. D. Owens, the live merchant at the little village bearing the same name, recently stated that his delivery wagon brought over $12,000 worth of goods to Marion customers in 1890. That would seem to be a fine bit of trade for a dealer in Owen to place in Marion where competition is so great and in so many different lines. Mr. Owens pushes business in a successful way.

—The new Wallace-Evans block is very nearly completed and the architects and builders, Bryan, Field, Beyer & Co., point to the new structure with no little pride. It is certainly one of the handsomest fronts of any block in Marion and the interior is no less attractive. The wood work is especially pleasing and throughout the new structure is much admired. It is one of Marion's valuable improvements for the year.

—The Erie had a freight wreck at Canard, about 7 miles this side of Urbana, this forenoon. Traffic was suspended several hours and passenger trains had to use the Big Four. Train 5 took the Big Four at this place at noon and went through to Bellefontaine and thence over the C. S. and C. to Urbana. Train 4 came in by the same route, arriving here between 3 and 4 o'clock.

—A gentleman whose authority is unquestionable gives the STAR the information that one of the brilliant triumvirate of county commissioners actually slept through the greater portion of an afternoon that was devoted by that body to a ditch hearing. The petition for a ditch was granted. The decision must have been a certainty in advance, and the expense of a hearing should have been saved to tax-payers groaning under their burdens.

—Boys and young men who have of late been in the habit of disturbing churches by their very disgraceful conduct may take notice that they will have to desist. The Church of Christ has been especially annoyed and a policeman has been necessary to look after the matter. Mayor Dudley declares positively that if the habit is not stopped at once he will make an example of some of the offenders by sending them to the work-house.

—Trustee Frank Saiter is authority for the statement that the public has been called upon this winter for the greatest amount of relief ever known in the city. The demands upon the Relief Association have been almost unprecedented too. This is largely because of a lack of winter work. Last year the laying of water pipes distributed large sums among common laborers and the result was to keep many poor families in comfortable circumstances throughout the winter.

The Lotus Glee Club, of Boston, will appear at Music Hall next Thursday evening Feb. 5. Persons who have not had their seats reserved as yet can secure them at Tristram & Young's. The Worcester, Mass. Telegram has the following to say of the club: The Lotus Glee Club achieved a success last evening in Mechanics Hall. The audience was large. And that it was appreciative may be judged from the fact that it encored almost every number on the program. The concert was one of the most successful in the series and gave unqualified satisfaction.

—[illegible] Fitzpatrick, Mike Hagar and [illegible] the three graces who have been [illegible] at the C. and E. waiting room [illegible] were hauled in by the [illegible] Sunday morning between [illegible] and [illegible] locked up. They were placed in the city prison until this morning [illegible] they were taken before the Mayor [illegible] a charge of [illegible] was frightened [illegible] the prospect of [illegible] and on a solemn [illegible] to get up and [illegible] were given [illegible] out of the city [illegible] be arrested again.

### St. Patrick's T. A. B. S.

At the regular monthly meeting of St. Patrick's T. A. B. Society held Sunday, February 1st, the semi-annual election of officers took place and the following were elected and installed for the next six months: J. W. Bennett, president; Geo. O'Donnell, vice president; M. J. Burke, secretary; Michael Cleary, treasurer; Thos. English, sergeant at arms; Michael Hagen, grand marshal; T. J. Ryan, J. M. Cleary, Daniel Lawrence trustees; Owen Tallon, John Walsh, Thomas Hogan, Thomas English, Michael Hagen, visiting committee.

The society has now been organized fifteen years, during which time it has done an exceedingly large amount of good in advancing the cause of temperance and at present is in good, prosperous condition.

### A Pleasant Surprise.

On Saturday evening Louis Mayer, the jolly and good natured boiler-maker of the Huber boiler works, was the victim of a very pleasant surprise, the occasion being his [illegible] birthday. At about 8 o'clock that evening the employes, numbering about thirty, met at the City Hall and then proceeded to his residence, when J. H. Richards the popular foreman of the shop, in a neat and eloquent little speech in behalf of his fellow shopmates, presented Mr. Mayer with a handsome willow rocking chair as a token of their esteem and respect. Lew, feeling somewhat embarrassed, thanked the boys very earnestly for their kindness, after which elegant refreshments were served. The crowd left wishing him many more happy birthdays.

### Marion County Odd Fellows.

District Deputy Grand Master Dudley was at Caledonia Saturday evening and installed the following officers of Lodge 2[illegible], I. O. O. F., at that place: W. S. Ramer, N. G.; W. V. Smith, V. G.; Amos Goehenner, Rec. Sec'y; William Brocklesby, Per. Sec'y; Jesse Geddis, Treas.

This completed Mr. Dudley's work of installation for the ensuing term, having installed during the last month officers of lodges at LaRue, Agosta, Green Camp, Prospect, Waldo, Caledonia and Marion, representing a membership of about 550. Mr. Dudley reports that these lodges were never in a better condition financially and were never farther advanced in the unwritten work.

### To Have English Opera

Arrangements have almost been completed for the appearance here of the Abbie Carrington English Opera Co., under the auspices of Marion Lodge, 102, Knights of Pythias. The company asks a guarantee of $175, and this amount has already been raised and over by the sale of two hundred tickets, at one dollar each. The date has been fixed for one week from Tuesday, Feb. 10, but the opera has not been selected, but will probably be Faust and Marguerite or Martha.

The Carrington company needs no recomendation. Its appearance in Findlay last week was sufficiently gratifying that a return date was given them for tomorrow night.

"What is buckeyes good for?
Hey? Good to look at.
Well, they air; and there
'Haint no case o' rhumatiz
Kin subsist where buckeyes is."

If you are troubled with rheumatism and kindred ailments, try the Buckeye cure. A beautiful illustrated original poem on buckeyes, by the Hoosier poet, James Whitcombe Riley, with a big ripe Buckeye attached, will be mailed to any address on receipt of ten cents, by addressing W. H. Fisher, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Buckeye Route, Columbus, O.

### Republican League Meeting at Toledo.

For the League meeting of the Republican clubs held at Toledo, Feb. 10th to 11th, the Buckeye Route will sell round trip tickets at rate of one and one-third fare on the certificate plan.

The "Big Day" being Feb. 12, tickets will be sold at the extremely low rate one fare for the round trip, good going only on Feb. 12th and returning on Feb. 13. For further information address W. H. Fisher, G. P. and T. A., Columbus, O.

### M. R. A.

The Marion Relief Association will meet in its room in Masonic Block Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 3d, at 2 o'clock, as there will be the election of officers for the coming year. A good attendance is desired.

MRS. E. DURFEE, Pres.

MRS. E. G. ALLEN, Sec.

### Real Estate for Sale.

On long time and easy payments, 7 excellent lots in Ivanhoe addition, one house and lot on Jefferson street, [illegible], one house and lot in Mechanics addition. [illegible] E. DAVIS, Ag't.

Surveyor's Office,

[illegible] Marion, Ohio

### Entitled to the Best

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have at once a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

### New Dairy Service.

The undersigned has begun a new dairy service in Marion, handling only pure Jersey milk. Orders may be left at Thew's grocery.

[illegible] [illegible] MYERS.

Catarrh is a [illegible] constitutional disease, and [illegible] constitutional [illegible] Hood's Sarsaparilla [illegible] a cure.

[illegible] WIRE.

### Items of Interest Put in Convenient Form for Readers.

The Indiana Farmers' Alliance is to have a newspaper devoted to the interests of the order.

William Shelar, of Toledo, O., being arrested on the charge of abuse of family, shot himself and will probably die.

F A C T S

Be Wise!

We are selling goods cheaper than any house in Marion, making no exception whatever.

We are selling new goods cheaper than old goods are closed out at.

Our customers learn this by comparison. You can learn this too. But learn it before you buy. There is no wisdom in learning a good thing too late to profit by it.

We started out to win the reputation of the cheapest dry goods house in Marion. We won it and will maintain it.

D. A. FRANK & CO.

W AND E

SPECIAL DRIVE!

Just opened.

Black Surah Silks!

—AT—

50c.

These goods are All Silk and have never been sold for less than 75c.

Daily Arrivals

—OF—

Spring Dress Goods!

Warner & Edwards.

GOOD - DRY,

Second-Growth

ASH

STOVEWOOD

—FOR—

$1.50 Per Load!

—AT—

Prendergasts'.

### CHEAP RATES

To New Orleans, La., and Mobile, Ala., Via Big Four.

For the occasion of Mardi Gras celebration, the Big Four will sell round trip tickets from Marion to New Orleans, La., at $27.80. Marion to Mobile, Ala., and return, $26.55. Tickets will be on sale February 3d to 8th inclusive. Good returning until February 28th.

The above are good via three different routes. For other information call on or address, H. D. POOCK, Ag't.

### Excursion Rates to New Orleans, La.

The Erie railway, on February 3d to 8th, inclusive, will sell excursion tickets to New Orleans, La., and return at rate of $27.80, tickets limited to continuous passage in both directions with extreme limit to Feb'y 28th, 1891.

M. B. DICKERSON, Agt.

W. G. MASON, Gen. Pass. Agt.,

56tf Youngstown, O.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Our Store Will Be Open Evenings

Until [illegible] o'clock during our

Closing Out Sale.

REMNANTS

$500.00

WORTH OF

REMNANTS!

Culled from all departments of our stock are placed on the remnant table for special sale this week. They are all choice bargains. Just what you want for children's dresses and making over worn garments. There are several patterns of sufficient length for full dress patterns. See the lot.

Frank

Our Store Will Be Open Evenings

Until [illegible] o'clock during our

Closing Out Sale.

SUCCESS CAN BE ACHIEVED

In Any Business by

Untiring Industry,

Careful Economy,

—AND—

Judicious Advertising.

The Road to Opulence Lies Knee-Deep Through Printer's Ink.

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

THE LEADING

Merchant Tailors

ARE NOW SHOWING ALL THE

Novelties and Staples of the Season

—IN—

Fall and Winter Goods!

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OYSTERS

The leading Oyster House in Marion is

THE ENGLISH KITCHEN.

The best brands on hand, fresh, at all times. Sold by can or served to order.

H. HALL, Proprietor.

LUMBER!

—AND—

COAL!

—CHEAP AT—

PRENDERGASTS'.